#### <u>Management Accounts Review – Half Year</u>

For monitoring purposes, any Variance to Annual Budget / YTD Budget which shows a (Deficit) should be reviewed, and the reasons considered.

#### Overview

The first seven pages of the revised format of the Management Accounts show summary information.

As well as being summarised on Page 3, Designated Reserves balances are now also shown under the relevant budget section to indicate where some budget requirements may potentially be funded.

Page 7 shows the Summarised Income & Expenditure Account, with details of each budget section reported in more detail on pages 8 to 13.

Pages 14 and 15 show details of the "pots" of funds which the Town Council holds for various initiatives which are organised and funded in partnership with other stakeholders.

### **Summary**

- 1) Before Management Accounts adjustments, the Year To Date (YTD) Trial Balance for the first half of the financial year is £320,133 (Page 1). This substantial surplus reflects receipt of the second tranche of the Precept in September, which will provide the bulk of the funding for expenditure. The budgeted deficit is unlikely to be reflected until later in the second half of the financial year when extra expenditure is incurred.
- 2) **Net Assets** (excluding Fixed Asset Reserve) are reported to have risen to £703,947 but this is a significant reduction from £856,124 in the last financial year, reflecting the ongoing use of long term investments to fund the deficit of 2021-22 and previous years.
- 3) **Deferred Income** stands at £9,892 (compared to a similar level of £9,392 at the same period last year) which indicates future Town Hall bookings have risen and been maintained following the challenges of pandemic restrictions over the last 2 years and the extensive repairs to the Town Hall.
- 4) **Investments & Bank** (Page 2) have decreased by £142,834 in total compared to this time last year, due to last year's deficit.

- 5) **Designated Reserves** (Page 3) have decreased by £120,759 in total, primarily caused by the reduction of the Building Maintenance Reserve to contribute funding towards the Town Hall planned maintenance works in 2021-22. With further funding required for the Net Deficit, the **General Reserve** also fell by £111,074, giving a reduction in Total Reserves over the last twelve months of £231,833.
- 6) Page 4 shows a summary of adjusted YTD Actuals compared to the Previous year. Income (including the Precept) has increased by £85,063 (primarily because of the return of Charter Market fees to pre-COVID levels) while Expenditure has increased by £13,794, resulting in an adjusted **NET Surplus of £74,672**, an increase of **£85,602** on the previous year. Timing is an important factor in explaining the current surplus because only half of the financial year has passed and substantial expenditure takes place in the second half of the year, for example on Council's contributions to Initiatives including the Fred Winter Centre, Stratford in Bloom and Christmas Lights.
- 7) Page 5 shows a summary of adjusted YTD Budget compared to Actuals. This shows the adjusted **NET Surplus of £74,672** which exceeds an expected Deficit of £13,606 at this stage in the financial year. However, as explained above, timing is an important factor.
- 8) Page 6 has two pie charts showing the proportion of YTD Income and Expenditure from different budget sections. Precept and Market & Christmas Festival Income [Net] are the most significant sources of income (in addition to Cemetery Fees which are not shown separately here as they are included under Expenditure Cemetery [Net]), while well over half of the expenditure is on Operational & Administrative Expenses, followed by Cemetery [Net], Civic Expenditure, and Initiatives & Projects.
- 9) Page 7 confirms that, after Management Accounts adjustments, the **Net Surplus** is reported as £74,672. This reflects the apportionment of the Precept and certain annual Expenditure across the year.
- 10) As previously reported, another tranche of funds of £10,733 has been received as a result of the Community Infrastructure Ley (CIL) on housing developments.
- 11) There has been a large increase in **Net Income** from the **Market & Christmas Festival**, after deduction of the District Council's 60%

- share. This reflects a return to the market contract fees, which are higher than the figures for markets over the last two years which were impacted by coronavirus pandemic restrictions.
- 12) Page 7 shows a YTD Deficit of £1,777 relating to **Interest & Dividends on Investments & Bank**. This reflects reduced interest and dividends as the total funds invested has fallen following last year's deficit. However, the latest quarterly dividend from Council's main long term investment is due for payment in October.
- 13) Other YTD Deficits reported on Page 7 are reviewed in more detail below.
- 14) There has been a decrease in Operational & Administrative Expenses (mainly due to Town Hall maintenance) and a large increase in Civic Expenditure (due to increased civic activities post-COVID) compared to the same period as the previous year.

#### **Detailed Review**

- Page 8 Market & Christmas Festival due to timing of invoicing, the Net Income does not accurately reflect the Town Council's share after the District Council's 60% share of fees has been deducted. Net Income is substantially higher than last year, for reasons already explained above. However, Expenditure is still expected to increase in the second half of the year because of the Christmas Festival and Victorian Market in December.
- Page 8 Town Hall Commercial Management Lettings income is currently higher than budgeted (and much higher than for the same period last year) as bookings continue to pick up after the issues of coronavirus pandemic restrictions and the extensive maintenance works. The Net Expenditure is currently negative, which means Income exceeds Expenditure so far. There are numerous small YTD Deficits for various budget lines, reflecting increased activity with Town Hall events.
- **Page 9 Operational & Administrative Expenses** there are a number of deficits in this section, resulting in an overall YTD Budget Deficit of £8,259. The most significant of these are explained as follows:
  - Salaries, Wages & Related Costs and Recruitment expenditure are currently in deficit due to staff changes and additional costs associated with new starters and leavers. However, this level of deficit is expected to decrease until a new Responsible Financial Officer is recruited, as the current post holder is working fewer

- hours compared to his previous part-time contract in order to cover essential finance and payroll tasks only.
- The Office Equipment budget is in deficit due to the acquisition of a sound speaker for use at Events, which was initially used for the Platinum Jubilee Celebrations, but it should be noted that the costs of this item were covered by a grant.
- Expenditure on the Combined Insurance Policy has exceeded budget because of additional insurance costs for the new Open Spaces / Cemetery lease vehicle.
- The Telephones budget has been exceeded as a result of the installation of a new digital phone system and some additional costs relating to this, including switching it to its own dedicated electrical supply.
- The YTD Deficit for Subscriptions is a timing issue, as this item includes the annual WALC and NALC Fees which have already been paid for 2022-23.
- For Professional Fees, there is already a large deficit compared to Annual Budget due to initial costs relating to the purchase of the additional cemetery land from the District Council, which was not budgeted for. Following the initial review of budget requirements for 2023-24, this expenditure will be split out to its own budget line within the Expenditure – Cemetery [Net] section going forward. Also, as the Cemetery Land & Buildings Reserve is now likely to be exceeded, a budget virement from the General Reserve will need to be recommended for 2022-23 once further costs are confirmed.
- The YTD Deficit for Audit Fees is mainly an issue relating to the timing of annual invoices, although there is an Annual Deficit of £800 for the year due to increased fees to address internal audit queries.
- The YTD Deficit for Councillor & Staff Training has been caused by provision of an online training package for all staff, as well as the training courses booked for the new Town Clerk, and this budget item now expected to remain in deficit for the year as further training is likely to be required.
- Bank Charges are higher than budgeted. It should be noted that the Council is charged for all cash transactions, including banking of cash receipts, as banks continue to push businesses, organisations and individuals towards more cashless transactions.
- General Repairs, Maintenance & Sundry shows a YTD Budget Deficit due to one-off repair costs but the expenditure is currently well within the Annual Budget.
- Alarm & CCTV Call Out charges show a YTD Deficit but are currently well within the Annual Budget.

- Lift Maintenance Contract costs show a YTD Deficit but are currently well within the Annual Budget.
- As noted previously, there are several other small YTD Budget Deficits in this section resulting in a total YTD Deficit of £8,259. Spending in this section needs to continue to be monitored carefully during the year, although it should be noted that the Deficit reported next month for this section will reduce once Professional Fees for the Cemetery Land Extension project are transferred to the Cemetery [Net] section. All things considered, given that this budget section accounts for nearly 40% of total Budgeted Expenditure and YTD Actuals are currently 45% of total YTD Actuals Expenditure (see Page 5), it is to be expected that there are likely to be more Variances within this section.

Page 10 - Civic Expenditure - a Year To Date (YTD) Budget deficit of £5,250 reflects the number of civic events so far in the mayoral year, including additional activities relating to the Platinum Jubilee. It should be noted that the Annual Budget for Receptions (Formal & Informal) has already been exceeded by £2,561, and there is only a small Surplus remaining under Contingency (Events tbc) which would normally be expected to offset this. Expenditure on any further civic events during the financial year needs to be monitored and costs carefully considered, as the expenditure for the full year has not been controlled within budget. It is now likely that a budget virement from the General Reserve will be required. Note that Event Security costs have risen but these are still within Annual Budget. Also note that the Vehicle Replacement Designated Reserve shown in this section can also be used for Cemetery vehicles, not just the civic car, and a replacement tipper truck has now been acquired for the Open Spaces team (see Cemetery section below). As previously reported, the additional costs of this new vehicle were not budgeted for and will need to be covered by the designated reserve.

Page 11 – Cemetery – Fees are over £9,000 in Surplus for the year to date compared to Budget, and also over £10,000 more than the previous year. Total Expenditure is below budget so far, despite a substantial overspend on Vehicle Expenses following the acquisition of the new lease vehicle. There is now a YTD Budget Surplus in Net Expenditure of over £18,000 but it should be noted that this is affected by recharging of some Salaries, Wages & Related Costs to the Climate Change Initiatives budget for maintenance of planted troughs around the town. The surplus also now reflects a Budget Virement of £7,000 for additional Vehicle Expenses, which relates to additional vehicle costs incurred for the replacement tipper truck during 2022-23. The lease costs including initial deposit and monthly payments for this new vehicle exceeded the

budget and will need to be financed from the Vehicle Replacement Reserve. The YTD Budget Deficit of £1,090 for General Ground Maintenance has been caused by exceptional costs for storm damage to trees earlier in the year. There is one Annual Budget deficit of £482 (for Sundry Seating & Trees) due to increased costs for new benches but this is expected to be offset by variances on other budget lines.

Note the Cemetery Land & Buildings Designated Reserve is already assigned for use to purchase land to extend the Cemetery. As mentioned above (see Page 9), further use of Reserves will be required to fund additional fees and costs in relation to this project.

Page 12 – Holy Trinity Churchyard & Garden of Remembrance – no expenditure is reported so far this year, but it should be noted that maintenance costs for labour are included in the Salaries, Wages & Related Costs section under Cemetery (see Page 11) and not recharged to this budget section.

Page 12 – Tranquility Garden – Fees continue to fall below budget, but overall there is a Net Deficit in Expenditure i.e. more Income has been received than Expenditure incurred. Based on the previous year, it is expected that Fees will continue to be received throughout the financial year to more than offset any expenditure reported here. Again, it should be noted that labour maintenance costs for the Tranquility Garden are covered in the Salaries, Wages & Related Costs section under Cemetery (see Page 11) and not recharged to this budget section.

Page 12 – Allotments – Park Road – Nothing of significance to report.

Page 13 – Hatton Rock – Insurance and Service Costs have been invoiced for the year and are slightly higher than budgeted, hence the Annual Deficits even though the YTD Deficits are primarily a timing issue. It should be noted that a new lease agreement is required and costs are still to be confirmed. As in previous years, it is expected that approximately half of the total expenditure on this item relates to equipment storage costs and will be recharged to the Shakespeare Birthday Celebrations "pot" later in the financial year.

Page 13 – Initiatives, Projects and Grants – There are a couple of Annual Budget Deficits and a few YTD Deficits but no concerns to report. Any Deficit at year end for Bus Shelters/Dog Hygiene/Litter/Cycle Racks can be funded by a Budget Virement from the Street Furniture Designated Reserve, currently held at £5,000. Note that there was no budget provision included for Climate Change Initiatives this year (hence the reported Deficits) and all relevant

expenditure will be covered by the Designated Reserve, currently held at £14,549.

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#### Page 14 Town Centre Strategic Partnership

As reported in previous months, the balance "in the pot" has decreased by £583 so far this year but still leaves nearly £4,000.

### Page 14 Shakespeare Statue Restoration

Also as reported previously, the balance "in the pot" has fallen to a deficit of £2,424 now that all the expenditure has been accounted for. Although there is now a small deficit, this should be changed to a surplus when some further grants have been received, which were dependant on proof of costs and completion of the restoration works. The surplus will be carried forward to cover future cleaning costs and any further minor maintenance work required.

#### Page 15 Shakespeare Birthday Celebrations

The substantial surplus "in the pot" of £77,295 for the current financial year is down to timing, because the District and Town Council's contributions have been added to the "pot" after expenditure on the event on April 2022 has been accounted for. As previously reported, a reduction in the District Council's contribution to £20,000 was proposed to match that of the Town Council in 2022-23. As a result of budget challenges owing to high inflation and the cost of living crisis, there is the possibility of further reductions to the contribution from the District Council in next year's budget and the Town Council may want to review their contribution and apportionment of other costs incurred in relation to this event. However, there should still be sufficient funds "in the pot" for next year's event if it is undertaken on a similar scale to the event in April 2022. Costs for this last event have now been determined as a total of £48,096, and these should be reviewed as a template for future events, bearing in mind the impact of inflation on future costs.

Please ask for more information if you have any queries.

Responsible Financial Officer October 2022